

Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases

It is important to accurately document and code Chronic Respiratory Diseases.

Chronic Bronchitis

Documentation

- ▶ Acute or Chronic
 - Further identify chronic bronchitis as obstructive, if appropriate
- ▶ Chronic indicates cough with mucus most days of the month, for at least three months.

Coding Tips

- ▶ Chronic bronchitis not specified as “obstructive” should be coded with J41.0 – J42. Chronic bronchitis that is specified as obstructive is coded to category J44.-.
- ▶ Smoker’s cough or Smoker’s Bronchitis are synonymous with simple chronic bronchitis J41.0.

Chronic Bronchitis Codes

Description	Code
Simple chronic bronchitis	J41.0
Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis	J41.1
Mixed simple and mucopurulent chronic bronchitis	J41.8
Unspecified chronic bronchitis	J42

Emphysema

Coding Tips

- ▶ Emphysema is a type of COPD and is coded as J43.

Emphysema Codes

Description	Code
Unilateral pulmonary emphysema	J43.0
Panlobular emphysema	J43.1
Centrilobular emphysema	J43.2
Other emphysema	J43.8
Emphysema, unspecified	J43.9

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For additional information, go to:
 AlabamaBlue.com/Providers/CodingCorner

COPD: Other Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Documentation

- ▶ Include COPD diagnostics (such as chest CT, PFTs, spirometry) and treatments (inhalers, nebulizers, O2) in your documentation.
- ▶ When an infection is present, document the type of infection (bronchitis, pneumonia, etc), as well as the infectious agent (Klebsiella pneumoniae, MRSA, etc).
- ▶ If a COPD exacerbation is present, document it.

Coding Tips

When the physician reports chronic obstructive asthma or chronic asthmatic bronchitis, and the type of asthma is specified, report a code from J44 and J45.

J44.0 – Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) lower respiratory infection

- ▶ An additional code should be assigned to report the infection. Lower respiratory infections include pneumonia, bronchitis and bronchiolitis.

J44.1 – Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) exacerbation

- ▶ A COPD exacerbation cannot be assumed unless specifically documented by the provider.
- ▶ If COPD with a lower respiratory tract infection (J44.0) and exacerbation of the condition (J44.1) are present, code both. Follow this by coding for the specific lower respiratory infection.

J44.9 – Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, unspecified

Severe Persistent Asthma

Documentation

- ▶ If asthma exacerbation is present, document it.

Coding Tips

When reporting a code from J45.-, do not report the condition as “exacerbated” without Physician confirmation of the diagnosis.

Severe Persistent Asthma Codes

Description	Code
Severe persistent asthma, uncomplicated	J45.50
Severe persistent asthma with (acute) exacerbation	J45.51
Severepersistent asthma with status asthmaticus	J45.52

 For additional information, go to:
[AlabamaBlue.com/Providers/CodingCorner](https://www.alabamablue.com/providers/codingcorner)

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ICD-10 is the 10th revision of the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems (ICD), a medical classification list by the World Health Organization (WHO).